Reception Long term progression plan 2023-2024

All aspects of learning are underpinned by the characteristics of effective learning. This plan informs the Medium term and weekly planning set out each term alongside observations and identified need and interests of the children. The long term plan is supported by the Development Matters guidance and EYFS checkpoints, which are also used alongside observations of children's learning to support assessment. These are recorded on Tapestry, in children's books and the shared floor book. Events, learning and provision and children's learning and developments are also shared with parents on class Dojo, Tapestry and through whole termly parent meetings.

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic/Theme	Amazing Authors and Marvellous Me!	London Lights	Toys	Once upon a Time	What a Wonderful World	Olympics
Key Milestones linked to EYFS/KS1 topic	 needs, interests Children will be keeps them hea Children will be Own personal h and people with Children will be important people Children will be differences and Children will be of a place. Use new vocable stories as they of Listen to a story 	able to talk about their s and experiences. gin to know about what althy. gin to join in with a group. able to talk about their istory and their families nin their own community. gin to know about ole from the past. able to identify changes in materials. able to identify features ulary from books and discuss and retell stories y and identify characters r how questions.	 and differences a present. Discuss images fr Children will begi linked to stories. Join in with repeated to stories. Join in with repeated to book Use language from and role play Sequence a famil Make simple prese of a story so far Retell parts of a f puppets, toys, mathematical point own maps Discuss changes i 	amiliar story through asks or small world notice features. Make	 living things. Children will be and make obsernatural world in Children will be stories to help th past and the wo Children will be knowledge of di Compare different heir own Explain some sin 	able to show care for able to share knowledge vations about the c animals. able to use books and nem to understand the rld around them. able to share their fferent countries. nt environments to nilarities and differences his country and life in
Big Question	What is special about me and those around me?	What was it like to live during the Great Fire of London?	What makes toys special?	What journey can a story take you on?	What makes our world wonderful?	In what ways can athletes inspire us?

Key text	Once there were giants	Start Up History - Great Fire of London	Lost in the Toy Museum	Little Red Riding	What a wonderful world	The frog Olympics Splash
		Vlad and the Great Fire of London	Dogger	Jack and the Beanstallk	Here we are	
Visits/themed days	From farm to fork/cookery visit Harvest	Christmas Nativity Pantomime – Wyvern theatre	Trowbridge museum – toys workshop	Planting/Allotment visit	Butterfly World	Sports day
Festivals	Harvest	Remembrance Diwali	Valentine's day Shrove Tuesday Chinese New Year	Easter service Mothering Sunday Holi	Earth Day St George's day Eid-al-Fitr	World Oceans day Father's day
Parental involvement	Parent phonics workshop and welcome meetings Celebration assembly	Parents evening Nativity performance Celebration assembly	Celebration assembly	Parents evening Easter egg hunt Celebration assembly	Celebration assembly	Sports day Celebration assembly New parents meetings

Progression of	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer2 (ELG)
areas						
Personal, Social and Emotional	Jigsaw – Being Me in my World	Jigsaw – Celebrating Difference	Jigsaw – Dreams a	nd Goals and Healthy Me	Jigsaw – Relationship	s and Changing Me
Development			Opportunities to	develop self-regulation:	Self- regulation:	
	Opportunities to	Opportunities to	~ Link events with fe	elings and discuss them.	~ Show an understandir	g of their own feelings and
Supported by Jigsaw scheme and My Happy Mind	develop self- regulation: ~ Express their feelings and give simple reasons. ~ Seek help through finding an adult. ~ Allow an adult to comfort them. ~ Recognise when a peer is upset. Opportunities to develop managing self: ~ Use the toilet independently. ~ Take their coat off and	develop self-regulation: ~Identify and name some common feelings in themselves or others. ~ Explain to an adult what has happened when they are upset. ~ Follow familiar, routine instructions. Opportunities to develop managing self: ~ Use the toilet independently and wash their hands well, knowing	each other and bein ~ Follow two-step in ~Wait with increase Opportunities to de ~ Dress and undress ~ Discuss healthy foods ~ Discuss sensible ch ~ Begin to understar behaviour. ~ Begin to persevere	structions. d patience, when necessary. velop managing self: independently. od choices. from less nutritional food.	wait for what they want impulses when appropriate ~ Give focused attention responding appropriate activity, and show an ab involving several ideas of Managing Self: ~ Be confident to try net	simple goals, being able to and control their immediate iate. In to what the teacher says, ly even when engaged in ility to follow instructions or actions w activities and show e and perseverance in the r rules, know right from
	 Parke their coat off and put it on. ~ Follow a simple instruction as part of a group. ~ Join in an activity when invited by an adult. Opportunities to develop relationships: 	 why this is important. Undress independently. Do up their coat. Abide by most of the rules of the classroom. Try new activities independently or with peers. 	~ Hold back & forth peers' ideas and res ~ Show empathy in s ~ Show understandi discussion.	ng of another child's perspective in ittle support from an adult or with	 Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices Building relationships: Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. 	

	 Play alongside new peers and 'with' familiar peers. Show interest in their new peers. 	Opportunities to develop relationships: ~ Join in with a group of children who are playing. ~ Form some closer friendships and seek them out to initiate play. ~ Speak to peers within a game or activity. ~ Take turns, with adult support.		~ Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs
Communication	Opportunities to develop	Opportunities to develop	Opportunities to develop Listening, attention and	Listening, Attention and Understanding:
and Language	Listening, attention and	Listening, attention and	understanding:	~ Listen attentively and respond to what they hear
	understanding:	understanding:	~ Conducts simple back and forth conversations, paying	with relevant questions, comments and actions
		~ Begins to use some active	attention to peer/adult and responding appropriately.	when being read to and during whole class
	~Join in with appropriate group activities.	listening skills. ~ Follows simple	~ Show attentive listening skills at input times and is quick to act on instructions.	discussions and small group interactions.
	group activities.	instructions well.	~ Begins to link listening to learning/understanding.	
	~ Follows simple, routine	~ Responds to a peers	~ Ask questions when they don't know what a word	~ Make comments about what they have heard and
	instruction.	request and replies.	means.	ask questions to clarify their understanding.
	~ Plays a simple, motivating game for a few minutes.	 Learn (and use) new words from familiar texts. Begins to answer "How" questions. 	 Can offer small explanations that demonstrate their understanding on a topic/story. Begins to answer "Why" questions, perhaps with adult support. 	~ Hold conversation when engaged in back-and- forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.
				~ Participate in small group, class and one-to-one
	Opportunities to develop	Opportunities to develop	Opportunities to develop speaking:	discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently
	speaking:	speaking: ~ Offer their ideas in small	~ Speaks in whole class situations.	introduced vocabulary.
	~ Speaks in simple	group contexts.	~ Use recently-modelled language independently,	
	sentences, which	~ Use full sentences,	across everyday contexts and all areas of learning.	~ Offer explanations for why things might happen,
	communicate their	sometimes with	~ Use newly learnt vocabulary in different contexts.	making use of recently introduced vocabulary from
	needs.	encouragement, to express	~ Ask questions in a variety of contexts.	stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when
		complete ideas.	~ Uses a range of connectives to extend their sentences	appropriate.
	~ Uses vocabulary	~ Ask questions when they don't understand	and to connect ideas. ~ Uses more detail in conversation.	~ Express their ideas and feelings about their
	focussing on their	instructions.	~ Uses speech to organise simple activities, overcome	experiences using full sentences, including use of
	interests.	~ Uses simple connectives in	problems/conflicts and provide explanations	past, present and future tenses and making use of
	~ Ask simple questions.	speech.		conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher

		~ Use new vocabulary from books and stories as they discuss/retell the story. ~ Recite familiar rhymes/poems and join in with repeated refrains from stories.		
Physical development	PE – Basic skills/locomotion	PE – Gymnastics	PE – Dance PE – Games and striking games (bat and ball)	PE - Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and
Daily dough disco/finger gym activities	Opportunities to develop gross motor skills: ~ Running and beginning to travel with more speed and control. ~ Stops or attempts to avoid obstacles when running. ~ Explores and uses climbing equipment, with a little adult support at	Opportunities to develop gross motor skills: ~ Begins to run with more fluency, avoiding obstacles. ~ Explores and develops confidence in different ways of moving, e.g. hopping. ~ Independently uses climbing equipment, e.g. the trim trail. ~ Throws balls in the direction of a target/peer	Opportunities to develop gross motor skills: ~Moves confidently in a range of ways; rolling - crawling - walking - jumping - running - hopping - skipping - climbing. ~Uses climbing equipment with confidence and enjoyment. ~Demonstrates good posture when working on table- top activities. ~Developing throwing and catching skills with appropriate apparatus, e.g. large foam ball or beanbag.	catching. PE – Athletics (running, throwing, jumping) Gross motor skills ~ Negotiates space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. ~ Demonstrates strength, balance and coordination when playing. ~ Moves energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.
	challenging parts Opportunities to develop fine motor skills: ~ Uses a spoon or fork to eat independently. ~ Uses mark-making tools such as paintbrushes, pens and chalk. ~ Attempts to write their name in a way that they	and attempts to catch large balls/beanbags by moving towards it. Opportunities to develop fine motor skills: ~ Uses a spoon or fork to eat with increased control and independence. ~ Forms the pre-writing shapes.	 Opportunities to develop fine motor skills: ~Uses a knife and fork, attempting to cut soft foods. ~ Forms all letters of the alphabet with correct formation. ~ Working towards or using a tripod grip. ~ Uses scissors with effective hand-positioning and with control. ~ Adds detail to drawings, e.g. eyelashes or windows on a house. 	 Fine motor skills: ~ Holds a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases. ~ Uses a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. ~ Begins to show accuracy and care when drawing Develop self- care: ~Discusses the effect exercise/activity has on their body. ~Knows some healthy choices we can make with
	 can recognise. ~ Has developed a dominant hand. ~ Cuts straight lines with scissors/snippers. ~ Draws circles, horizontal/vertical lines 	 Forms all the letters of their names correctly. Forms recognisable letters for the full alphabet. Uses an effective pencil grip. 	Develop self- care: ~ Knows why and when we wash our hands and does so without reminding (e.g. after using the bathroom). ~ Discusses why it is important to brush our teeth, in simple terms, and knows some foods which may be harmful to our teeth. ~ Discusses the effects of tiredness or lack of sleep.	regard to physical activity, food, sleep and hygiene (including oral hygiene)

	Develop self- care : ~ Washes hands with adult supervising /prompting. ~Uses the toilet independently.	 ~Uses scissors to cut out a simple shape independently. ~ Draws simple pictures which can be recognised by themselves and others. Develop self- care: ~ Washes hands independently. ~ Understands that some foods are healthier for us and some are less so. ~ Talks about how their body feels after exercise and knows that this activity is positive for our health. 	~ Discusses simple healthy food choices.	
Literacy				
	Opportunities to	Opportunities to	Opportunities to develop comprehension:	Comprehension:
Little Wandle	develop	develop comprehension:	~ Sequence a familiar story using images or	~Demonstrate understanding of what has been
Phonics scheme	comprehension: ~ Listen to a story and	~ Identify the characters	objects. ~ Tell the story to another person using the book	read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced
	comment on the	and setting of a familiar	or images.	vocabulary.
Sentence stem	events.	book.	~ Make a simple prediction based on the events	~ Anticipate – where appropriate – key events
progression	~ Name the characters	~ Join in with the	of a story so far.	in stories.
guidance	from a familiar story.	repeated refrain from a	~ Use the language from a story within role play	~ Use and understand recently introduced
		familiar story.	and discussions.	vocabulary during discussions about stories,
	Opportunities to	~ Begin to use language		non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during
	develop word reading:	from the story when		role-play.
	~ Identify an object	discussing it.	Opportunities to develop word reading:	
	when given the initial	Opportunities to	~ Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet	word reading:
	sound.	develop word reading:	~ Blend and read VC/CVC words.	~ Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet
	Say the initial sound in	~ Say a sound for all		and at least 10 digraphs; ~ Read words consistent with their phonic
	a given word			
	a given word. ~ Clap the syllables in a	Phase 2 GPCS. ~ Blend CVC words	Opportunities to develop writing skills ~ Form all letters of the alphabet.	knowledge by sound-blending;

	Opportunities to develop writing skills: ~ Attempt to write their name in a way that they or others can recognise. ~ Discuss the marks they make.	Opportunities to develop writing skills: ~ Write their name with correct formation. ~ Form Phase 2 letters recognisably. ~ Segment CVC words verbally. ~ Write the initial and middle sounds for a CVC word.	~ Write VC/CVC words that can be read by themselves or others.	 Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words. writing Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed; Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters; Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.
Mathematics Alongside Number sense scheme	Focus: Number and place value, length and height, more and less Number: ~ Subitise to 3. ~ Represent 1 - 3 on fingers, on a tens frame and with objects. Numerical patterns: ~ Join in with number songs, attempting to represent numbers using fingers where appropriate. ~ Recite numbers to 10 or beyond. ~ Demonstrate	Focus: Number and place value, shapes, capacity and volume Number: ~ Subitise to 4. ~ Discuss composition of numbers to 4, showing some automatic recall of number facts. ~ Begin to recognise parts within numbers. Numerical patterns: ~ Recite numbers to 20 confidently. ~ Count back from 10. ~ Demonstrate understanding of the	Focus: Number and place value, doubles and finding half, Addition and subtractions, weight and mass, time Number: ~ Discuss composition of numbers to 4, showing some automatic recall of number facts. ~ Confidently subitise rather than count small groups of objects. ~ Subitise to 5 using familiar concept images (e.g. a tens frame, with Numicon and using fingers) Numerical patterns: ~ Recite numbers to 20 and back from 20. ~ Count on from a given number to 20 and back from a given number 0 - 10. ~ Show accuracy when counting a group of objects, showing 1 to 1 correspondence &	 Focus: Number and place value, addition and subtraction, shape and patterns, position and direction, money, measures Number: Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number. Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5. Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. Numerical patterns: Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. Compare quantities up to 10 in different
	understanding that we use one number for each item, when counting. ~ Attempt to count objects, actions and sounds.	cardinal principle when counting objects. ~ Show accuracy when counting a group of up to 5/10 objects. ~ Use and understand the terms more and fewer/less in practical contexts.	 confident application of the cardinal principle. ~ Say the number one more/less than a given number 1 - 10. ~ Explore sharing into equal groups in practical contexts, commenting on what they notice. 	 contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. ~ Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds,

	~ Use and understand the term "more" in practical contexts. Shape space and measure: ~ Describe the size or shape of real-life objects using simple mathematical vocabulary, e.g. big/small, round/straight. ~ Time - understand first/next Sorting/matching ~ sort groups of objects according to different criteria	 Understand the term equal when comparing two groups of objects. Shape space and measure: Time - Understand yesterday/today/tomorrow. Recite days of the week. Shape - Identify straight and curved sides on 2D shapes, and flat and curved faces on 3D shape Use shapes to make pictures/models. Measure - use and understand the terms short/tall, large/small. Sequence 4 items according to these criteria. 	Shape, space and measure: ~ Demonstrate understanding of everyday prepositions - in, on, under, beside, in front, behind. ~ Time - Use and understand <i>before/after</i> ~ Shape - Select, rotate and manipulate shapes to match a picture, fit an outline or create patterns. Pattern - continue a simple AB, ABC pattern	 double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally Shape, space and measure (no ELG): Use everyday language to discuss length, size, height, weight, time, position and capacity. Use this language to make simple observations, e.g. this is heavier than that. Shape. Understand and use correct mathematical language to describe 2D and 3D shapes (e.g. vertices, sides, edges, faces, flat/curved). Shape - Know some common 2D and 3D shapes. Pattern - create, copy and continue a simple pattern
Understanding the World Weekly outdoor learning sessions Linked to Reception/KS1 topic Links to Reception/KS1 RE overview	Science Focus: Humans and keeping healthy RE focus: Christianity Opportunities to develop knowledge and understanding of Past and Present: ~ Discuss who is in their family and show some sense of their own history. Opportunities to develop knowledge and understanding of People, Culture and Communities: ~ Notice similarities and differences between	Science Focus: Plants RE focus: The Nativity Opportunities to develop knowledge and understanding of Past and Present: ~ Talk about people around them in good detail, describing their roles, interests or news about them. ~ Discuss past and upcoming events within their own family. ~ Understand that the past is the time "before now". Opportunities to develop knowledge and	Science Focus: Materials and Seasons and weather RE focus: Sacred times, bible stories and Easter Opportunities to develop knowledge and understanding of Past and Present: ~ Discuss images of the past and contrast them in discussion. ~ Listen to, respond and ask questions about fiction & non-fiction books about characters from the past. Opportunities to develop knowledge and understanding of People, Culture and Communities: ~ Look at maps of our school/area and discuss the features they notice. ~ Make their own maps. ~ Have some basic knowledge of community celebrations. ~ Share their knowledge of different countries and compare/contrast them in discussion.	 Science Focus: Animals and living and non-living things RE focus: Creation and caring for the wider world Past and Present Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. People, Culture and Communities Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this

Expressive Arts	people, reflecting on differences positively. ~ Know that they may come from a different country from other children and understand that these are different places. ~ Show interests in different occupations. Opportunities to develop knowledge and understanding of the Natural World ~ Talk about differences between materials and changes they notice in simple terms. ~ Show understanding that we need to care for living things. ~ Use their senses to explore natural materials and describe what they observe.	understanding of People, Culture and Communities: ~ Discuss the roles of people in the community around them and their own experiences with these people. ~ Share their experiences of local features of our community. ~ Know the church is special to us as Christians. Opportunities to develop knowledge and understanding of the Natural World ~ Discuss change in seasons from Summer > Autumn, and then Autumn > Winter. ~ Make reference to changes to the natural world, weather and our habits. ~ Make more careful observations and use an increasingly mature vocabulary when discussing the natural world. ~ Make simple drawings of natural objects	Opportunities to develop knowledge and understanding of the Natural World ~ Offer simple, logical explanations for what they have observed. ~ Use modelled, topical vocabulary in discussion. ~ Compare different environments to their own, e.g. Notice differences between the countryside in comparison to cities, when listening to stories in these settings.	country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. ~ Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, nonfiction texts and (when appropriate) maps. The Natural World ~ Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. ~ Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. ~ Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.
and Design Links to Music curriculum –	and painting D&T focus: Food and nutrition and structures	and painting D&T focus: Food and nutrition and structures	D&T focus: Mechanisms Opportunities to create with materials:	Art focus: Textiles Creating with Materials

charanga music	Opportunities to create	Opportunities to create	~ produce more detailed representations (drawings,	~ Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools
scheme	with materials:	with materials:	paintings, models) and discuss the features they have	and techniques, experimenting with colour, design,
	~ Enjoy mark-making	~ Use a variety of media	included.	texture, form and function.
	opportunities.	independently (pencils,	~ Return to and extend their creative learning, e.g.	~ Share their creations, explaining the process they
	~ Create closed shapes	crayons, paint, chalk,	rebuilding a tower made the day before but making it	have used.
	with continuous lines and	different construction toys).	more stable.	~ Make use of props and materials when role playin
	begin to use these shapes	~ Talk about what they like	~ Choose materials to achieve a goal, e.g. selecting a	characters in narratives and stories.
	to represent objects.	or could improve about	plastic yoghurt pot to turn into a boat due to its	
	~ Use objects as	what they have created.	waterproof nature.	Being Imaginative and Expressive
	representations in	~ Adapt their construction	~ Explain how they created something to their peers	~ Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories
	pretend play.	to achieve a desired	including why they chose a particular	with peers and their teacher.
	~ Use blocks/construction	outcome when their	technique/material and how it is fit for purpose.	~ Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and
	toys to build "small	pretend-play requires it.		songs.
	worlds.	~ Use colours for a purpose.	Opportunities to develop imagination and be	~ Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with
			expressive:	others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time
	Opportunities to develop	Opportunities to develop	~ Discuss changes or patterns they hear when listening	with music.
	imagination and be	imagination and be	to music.	
	expressive:	expressive:	~ Create their own beats with musical	
	~ Respond to music with	~ Suggest a movement to	instruments/body percussion and become confident in	
	movement.	match a piece of music.	games such as syllable-clapping.	
	~ Request a favourite	~ Keep a beat using a	~ Begin exploring how we can change a song/rhyme to	
	song/rhyme.	musical instrument or body	create a desired effect.	
	~ Know and join in with	percussion.	~ Create more complex narratives in their pretend play,	
	some nursery rhymes or	~ Perform familiar	building on the contributions of their peers.	
	favourite songs and	sings/rhymes in small	~ Organise themselves into collaborative creative	
	poems.	groups.	opportunities (role play, performance, artwork).	
	~ Take part in simple,	~ Participate in		
	pretend play often based	collaborative, creative		
	on familiar experiences.	activities, sometimes		
		initiated by an adult.		
		~ Retell parts of familiar		
		stories through use of		
		puppets, toys, masks or		
		small-world.		